

2013

- 2 -

## SECTION A (Module 1)

Answer BOTH questions.

1. (a) Calculate the gradient of the curve  $\ln(x^2y) - \sin y = 3x - 2y$  at the point  $(1, 0)$ . [5 marks]

- (b) Let  $f(x, y, z) = 3yz^2 - e^{4x} \cos 4z - 3y^2 - 4 = 0$ .

Given that  $\frac{\partial z}{\partial y} = -\frac{\partial f / \partial y}{\partial f / \partial z}$ , determine  $\frac{\partial z}{\partial y}$  in terms of  $x, y$  and  $z$ . [5 marks]

- (c) Use de Moivre's theorem to prove that

$$\cos 5\theta = 16 \cos^5 \theta - 20 \cos^3 \theta + 5 \cos \theta. \quad [6 \text{ marks}]$$

- (d) (i) Write the complex number  $z = (-1 + i)^7$  in the form  $re^{i\theta}$ , where  $r = |z|$  and  $\theta = \arg z$ . [3 marks]

- (ii) Hence, prove that  $(-1 + i)^7 = -8(1 + i)$ . [6 marks]

Total 25 marks

2. (a) (i) Determine  $\int \sin x \cos 2x \, dx$ . [5 marks]

- (ii) Hence, calculate  $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin x \cos 2x \, dx$ . [2 marks]

- (b) Let  $f(x) = x|x| = \begin{cases} x^2 & ; x \geq 0 \\ -x^2 & ; x < 0 \end{cases}$ .

Use the trapezium rule with four intervals to calculate the area between  $f(x)$  and the  $x$ -axis for the domain  $-0.75 \leq x \leq 2.25$ . [5 marks]

- (c) (i) Show that  $\frac{2x^2 + 4}{(x^2 + 4)^2} = \frac{2}{x^2 + 4} - \frac{4}{(x^2 + 4)^2}$ . [6 marks]

- (ii) Hence, find  $\int \frac{2x^2 + 4}{(x^2 + 4)^2} \, dx$ . Use the substitution  $x = 2 \tan \theta$ . [7 marks]

Total 25 marks

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**SECTION B (Module 2)**

**Answer BOTH questions.**

3. (a) The sequence  $\{a_n\}$  is defined by  $a_1 = 1$ ,  $a_{n+1} = 4 + 2\sqrt[3]{a_n}$ .

Use mathematical induction to prove that  $1 \leq a_n \leq 8$  for all  $n$  in the set of positive integers. [6 marks]

- (b) Let  $k > 0$  and let  $f(k) = \frac{1}{k^2}$ .

(i) Show that

a)  $f(k) - f(k+1) = \frac{2k+1}{k^2(k+1)^2}$ . [3 marks]

b)  $\sum_{k=1}^n \left( \frac{1}{k^2} - \frac{1}{(k+1)^2} \right) = 1 - \frac{1}{(n+1)^2}$ . [5 marks]

(iii) Hence, or otherwise, prove that

$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{2k+1}{k^2(k+1)^2} = 1. \quad [3 \text{ marks}]$$

- (c) (i) Obtain the first four non-zero terms of the Taylor Series expansion of  $\cos x$  in ascending powers of  $(x - \frac{\pi}{4})$ . [5 marks]

- (ii) Hence, calculate an approximation to  $\cos(\frac{\pi}{16})$ . [3 marks]

**Total 25 marks**

4. (a) (i) Obtain the binomial expansion of

$$\sqrt[4]{1+x} + \sqrt[4]{1-x}$$

up to the term containing  $x^2$ .

[4 marks]

- (ii) Hence, by letting  $x = \frac{1}{16}$ , compute an approximation of  $\sqrt[4]{17} + \sqrt[4]{15}$  to four decimal places. [4 marks]

- (b) Show that the coefficient of the  $x^5$  term of the product  $(x+2)^5(x-2)^4$  is 96. [7 marks]

- (c) (i) Use the Intermediate Value Theorem to prove that  $x^3 = 25$  has at least one root in the interval  $[2, 3]$ . [3 marks]

- (ii) The table below shows the results of the first four iterations in the estimation of the root of  $f(x) = x^3 - 25 = 0$  using interval bisection.

The procedure used  $a = 2$  and  $b = 3$  as the starting points and  $p_n$  is the estimate of the root for the  $n^{\text{th}}$  iteration.

$n$	$a_n$	$b_n$	$p_n$	$f(p_n)$
1	2	3	2.5	-9.375
2	2.5	3	2.75	-4.2031
3	2.75	3	2.875	-1.2363
4	2.875	3	2.9375	0.3474
5				
6				
.....				
.....				

Complete the table to obtain an approximation of the root of the equation  $x^3 = 25$  correct to 2 decimal places. [7 marks]

Total 25 marks

SECTION C (Module 3)

Answer BOTH questions.

5. (a) Three letters from the word BRIDGE are selected one after the other without replacement. When a letter is selected, it is classified as either a vowel (V) or a consonant (C).

Use a tree diagram to show the possible outcomes (vowel or consonant) of the THREE selections. Show all probabilities on the diagram. [7 marks]

- (b) (i) The augmented matrix for a system of three linear equations with variables  $x$ ,  $y$  and  $z$  respectively is

$$A = \left( \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 1 & -1 & 1 \\ -5 & 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & -5 & 3 & 3 \end{array} \right)$$

By reducing the augmented matrix to echelon form, determine whether or not the system of linear equations is consistent. [5 marks]

- (ii) The augmented matrix for another system is formed by replacing the THIRD row of  $A$  in (i) above with  $(1 \ -5 \ 5 \ | \ 3)$ .

Determine whether the solution of the new system is unique. Give a reason for your answer. [5 marks]

- (c) A country,  $X$ , has three airports ( $A$ ,  $B$ ,  $C$ ). The percentage of travellers that use each of the airports is 45%, 30% and 25% respectively. Given that a traveller has a weapon in his/her possession, the probability of being caught is, 0.7, 0.9 and 0.85 for airports  $A$ ,  $B$ , and  $C$  respectively.

Let the event that:

- the traveller is caught be denoted by  $D$ , and
- the event that airport  $A$ ,  $B$ , or  $C$  is used be denoted by  $A$ ,  $B$ , and  $C$  respectively.

- (i) What is the probability that a traveller using an airport in Country  $X$  is caught with a weapon? [5 marks]

- (ii) On a particular day, a traveller was caught carrying a weapon at an airport in Country  $X$ . What is the probability that the traveller used airport  $C$ ? [3 marks]

Total 25 marks

6. (a) (i) Obtain the general solution of the differential equation

$$\cos x \frac{dy}{dx} + y \sin x = 2x \cos^2 x. \quad [7 \text{ marks}]$$

- (ii) Hence, given that  $y = \frac{15\sqrt{2}\pi^2}{32}$ , when  $x = \frac{\pi}{4}$ , determine the constant of the integration. [5 marks]

- (b) The general solution of the differential equation

$$y'' + 2y' + 5y = 4 \sin 2t$$

is  $y = CF + PI$ , where  $CF$  is the complementary function and  $PI$  is a particular integral.

- (i) a) Calculate the roots of

$$\lambda^2 + 2\lambda + 5 = 0, \text{ the auxiliary equation.} \quad [2 \text{ marks}]$$

- b) Hence, obtain the complementary function ( $CF$ ), the general solution of

$$y'' + 2y' + 5y = 0. \quad [3 \text{ marks}]$$

- (ii) Given that the form of the particular integral ( $PI$ ) is

$$u_p(t) = A \cos 2t + B \sin 2t,$$

$$\text{Show that } A = -\frac{16}{17} \text{ and } B = \frac{4}{17}. \quad [3 \text{ marks}]$$

- (iii) Given that  $y(0) = 0.04$  and  $y'(0) = 0$ , obtain the general solution of the differential equation. [5 marks]

Total 25 marks

END OF TEST

IF YOU FINISH BEFORE TIME IS CALLED, CHECK YOUR WORK ON THIS TEST.